# 2016 WATER QUALITY REPORT FOR LAMONI MUNICIPAL UTILITIES

This report contains important information regarding the water quality in our water system. The source of our water is surface water. Our water quality testing shows the following results:

CONTAMINANT	MCL - (MCLG)	Compliance		Date	Violation	Source		
		Type	Value & (Range)		Yes/No			
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb) [TTHM]	80 (N/A)	LRAA	50.6 (38.5-61.3)	12/31/2016	No	By-products of drinking water chlorination		
Total Haloacetic Acids (ppb) [HAA5]	60 (N/A)	LRAA	29.3 (21.7-37.2)	12/31/2016	No	By-products of drinking water disinfection		
Copper (ppm)	AL=1.3 (1.3)	90th	0.223 (0.0334 - 0.264)	2016	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives		
Lead (ppb)	AL=15 (0)	90th	5.20 (ND – 5.8)	2016	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits		
950 - DISTRIBUTION S	950 - DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM							
Chlorine (ppm)	MRDL=4.0 (MRDLG=4.0)	RAA	2.3 (1.24-2.89)	2016	No	Water additive used to control microbes		
Fluoride (ppm)	4 (4)	RAA	0.79 (0.26-2.04)	03/31/2016	No	Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories		
01 - HOME POND AT PLANT AFTER TREATMENT								
Barium (ppm)	2 (2)	SGL	0.0441	06/13/2012	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits		
Sodium (ppm)	N/A (N/A)	SGL	10.3	04/06/2016	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Added to water during treatment process		
04 - NORTH WOODS LAKE AT PLANT AFT TREATMENT								
Barium (ppm)	2 (2)	SGL	0.0394	08/09/2016	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits		
Sodium (ppm)	N/A (N/A)	SGL	7.1	08/09/2016	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Added to water during treatment process		
Turbidity (NTU)	N/A (N/A)	ТТ	0.25 100% of samples met requirements	2016	No	Soil runoff		
Total Organic Carbon TOC ppm	NA	ТТ	1.305 (1.071- 1.691)	2016	No	Naturally present in the environment.		

Note: Contaminants with dates indicate results from the most recent testing done in accordance with regulations.

# **DEFINITIONS**

- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) -- The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- ppb -- parts per billion.
- ppm -- parts per million.
- pCi/L picocuries per liter
- N/A Not applicable

- ND -- Not detected
- RAA Running Annual Average
- Treatment Technique (TT) A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
- Action Level (AL) The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
- Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no
  known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial
  contaminants.
- Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- SGL Single Sample Result
- RTCR Revised Total Coliform Rule
- NTU Nephelometric Turbidity Units

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water posed a health risk. More information about contaminants or potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. LAMONI MUNICIPAL UTILITIES is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

## SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT INFORMATION

This water supply obtains water from one or more surface waters. Surface water sources are susceptible to sources of contamination within the drainage basin.

Surface Water Name	Susceptibility
Northwood Lake	high
Home Pond	high
Lake Lashane	high

### OTHER INFORMATION

Turbidity is an indicator of treatment filter performance and is regulated as a treatment technique.

## **CONTACT INFORMATION**

For questions regarding this information or how you can get involved in decisions regarding the water system, please contact LAMONI MUNICIPAL UTILITIES at 641-784-6911.

Board meetings are held on the 1<sup>st</sup> Thursday of each month at 7:00 p.m. at city hall and are open to the public.